

Short-Form Financial Announcement

Issued in terms of Practice Note 13 of the Zimbabwe Stock Exchange

This short-form financial announcement is the responsibility of the Directors and is only a summary of the information contained in the full announcement and does not contain full or complete details. Any investment decisions by investors and/or shareholders should be based on consideration of the full announcement.

A copy of the full announcement has been shared with shareholders using the latest email addresses supplied by the shareholder, and is available upon request, and for inspection at the Company's registered office or via email to corpserve@escrowgroup.org. The full announcement is also available on the Zimbabwe Stock Exchange website: www.zse.co.zw and the Company website www.innscorafrica.com.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	INFLATION-ADJUSTED		HISTORICAL	
	Year Ended 30 June 2021 Audited ZW\$'000	% Change 2021 vs 2020	Year Ended 30 June 2021 Supplementary ZW\$'000	% Change 2021 vs 2020
Revenue	66 909 149	35%	56 485 603	406%
Operating profit	8 588 209	15%	11 379 841	234%
Profit for the year	4 397 165	(41%)	10 490 493	138%
Total assets	48 653 423	21%	33 853 591	160%
Total equity	29 207 876	9%	16 416 987	124%
Total liabilities	19 445 547	43%	17 436 604	206%
Basic earnings per share (ZW\$ cents)	486.63	(44%)	1 263.36	131%
Headline earnings per share (ZW\$ cents)	482.39	(44%)	1 257.42	130%
Dividend per share				
Final dividend (ZW\$ cents)	180	39%	180	80%
Interim dividend per share (ZW\$ cents)	117	172%	110	701%
Total dividend per share (ZW\$ cents)	297	72%	290	155%

DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT (stated under the historical cost convention)

Ordinary shares

The Board declared a final dividend of ZW\$180 cents per share (2020: ZW\$100 cents per share) in respect of all ordinary shares of the Company bringing the total dividend for the year to ZW\$290 cents per share (2020: ZW\$113.73 cents per share). This dividend is in respect of the financial year ended 30th June 2021 and will be payable to all the shareholders of the Company registered at the close of business on the 15th of October 2021.

The payment of this final dividend will take place on or around the 10th of November 2021. The shares of the Company will be traded cum-dividend on the Zimbabwe Stock Exchange up to the market day of the 12th of October 2021 and ex-dividend from the 13th of October 2021.

Non-voting class "A" ordinary shares

The Board declared a final dividend of ZW\$51 000 000 (2020: ZW\$28 200 000) to Innscor Africa Employee Share Trust (Private) Limited. This brings the total dividend in respect of the 2021 financial year to ZW\$82 000 000 (2020: ZW\$32 077 734).

AUDITOR'S STATEMENT

This short-form financial announcement should be read in conjunction with the complete set of the Group annual inflation-adjusted financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021. The Group annual inflation-adjusted financial statements have been audited by Deloitte & Touche Chartered Accountants (Zimbabwe) who have issued a modified opinion as a result of the impact of the carry over effects from the 2019 and 2020 audit reports. The auditor's report on the Group annual inflation-adjusted financial statements, from which this short-form financial announcement is extracted, is available for inspection at the Company's registered office. The Engagement Partner responsible for the audit was Mr Brian Mabiza, PAAB Practice Certificate Number 0447.



ABC Chinake
Independent, Non-Executive Chairman
27 September 2021

Supplementary Information (continued)

17 Earnings per share (continued)

Headline earnings basis (continued)

The following reflects the income data used in the basic, headline and diluted earnings per share computations:

	INFLATION-ADJUSTED		HISTORICAL	
	Year ended 30 June 2021 audited	Year ended 30 June 2020 audited: restated	Year ended 30 June 2021 supplementary	Year ended 30 June 2020 supplementary
	ZWS'000	ZWS'000	ZWS'000	ZWS'000
a Net profit attributable to equity holders of the parent	2 751 840	4 850 969	7 144 165	3 064 586
b Reconciliation of basic earnings to headline earnings				
Adjustment for non-headline items (gross of tax):				
(Profit)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(2 760)	12 683	(35 487)	(1 694)
Profit on assets of disposal group classified as held for sale	(125 786)	—	(144 620)	—
Tax effect on adjustments	31 776	(3 135)	44 523	436
Non-controlling interests' share of adjustments	72 811	(2 725)	102 015	359
Net reconciling items	(23 959)	6 823	(33 569)	(899)
Headline earnings attributable to equity holders of the parent	2 727 881	4 857 792	7 110 596	3 063 687
c Reconciliation of weighted average number of ordinary shares				
	No. of shares issued	No. of shares issued	No. of shares issued	No. of shares issued
Number of shares in issue at the beginning of the year	564 777	559 727	564 777	559 727
Add: Weighted Average number of shares issued during the year	3 898	2 856	3 898	2 856
Less: Weighted Average number of Treasury Shares	(3 186)	(1 819)	(3 186)	(1 819)
Weighted Average Number of Ordinary Shares	565 489	560 764	565 489	560 764
d Reconciliation of weighted average number of ordinary shares after effects of dilution				
Number of ordinary shares for basic and headline earnings per share	565 489	560 764	565 489	560 764
Effects of dilution: Share Option Scheme	5 896	8 361	5 896	8 361
Weighted average number of ordinary shares adjusted for the effects of dilution	571 385	569 125	571 385	569 125
Basic earnings per share (cents)	486.63	865.06	1 263.36	546.50
Headline earnings per share (cents)	482.39	866.28	1 257.42	546.34
Diluted basic earnings per share (cents)	481.61	852.36	1 250.32	538.37
Diluted headline earnings per share (cents)	477.42	853.56	1 244.45	538.32

	INFLATION-ADJUSTED		HISTORICAL	
	Year ended 30 June 2021 audited	Year ended 30 June 2020 audited: restated	Year ended 30 June 2021 supplementary	Year ended 30 June 2020 supplementary
	ZWS'000	ZWS'000	ZWS'000	ZWS'000
18 Contingent liabilities				
Guarantees				
The contingent liabilities relate to bank guarantees provided in respect of associate companies borrowings as at 30 June 2021	2 968 322	1 881 444	2 968 322	910 475

19 Uncertain tax positions

The significant currency changes in Zimbabwe since 2018 have created some uncertainties in the treatment of taxes due to the absence of clear guidance and transitional measures from the tax authorities. Complications have arisen from the wording of the tax legislation in relation to the currency of settlement for certain taxes which gives rise to varying interpretations within the economy. In addition, complications have arisen due to the erroneous VAT legislation on certain products from prior periods. This legislation has now been corrected but has not yet dealt with the prior periods in question.

20 Going Concern

The Directors have assessed the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern and have satisfied themselves that the Group is in a sound financial position and has adequate resources to continue in existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they believe that the preparation of these consolidated annual inflation-adjusted financial statements on a going concern basis is appropriate.

21 Subsequent events

Subsequent to year end the Board declared a final dividend of ZWS180 cents per share payable in respect of all ordinary shares of the Company.

On the same date the Board also declared a final dividend totalling ZWS51 million to Inncor Africa Employee Share Trust (Private) Limited.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INNSCOR AFRICA LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE INFLATION-ADJUSTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Qualified opinion

We have audited the inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements of Innscor Africa Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group"), set out on pages 18 to 80, which comprise the inflation-adjusted consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021, and the inflation-adjusted consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the inflation-adjusted consolidated statement of changes in equity and the inflation-adjusted consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2021, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), and in the manner required by the Companies and Other Business Entities Act (Chapter 24:31).

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Our basis for qualified opinion has been arrived at after consideration of the following matters:

1. **Impact of adverse opinion on prior year audited financial statements and the carry over effects in the current year inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements**

i. **Accounting for blocked funds**

Included within the prior year financial assets are local funds deposits amounting to ZW\$5 133 811 placed by the Company and its local subsidiaries namely National Foods Holdings Limited, Irvine's Zimbabwe (Private) Limited and Probottlers (Private) Limited, with the Reserve Bank of Zimbabwe ("RBZ") in pursuance of the registration of foreign currency denominated liabilities at the date of functional currency change on 22 February 2019 as required by policy pronouncements and undertakings by RBZ. The deposits in local currency were inappropriately recognised as a monetary financial asset in the prior period. For the year ended 30 June 2021, the Group was able to satisfy the recognition criteria of the deposits to the RBZ as a monetary statutory receivable. The deposits in local currency, held with the RBZ, were inappropriately treated as foreign denominated derivative financial asset and translated at the Group's closing ZWL/USD exchange rate in contravention of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 21 – The Effects of Changes In Exchange rates which defines foreign currency as a currency other than the functional currency of the Group. This resulted in an overstatement on the current assets and financial income by ZW\$699 481 151 (2020 balance uplifted to current year).

For the year ended 30 June 2021, the Group was able to satisfy the recognition criteria of the deposits to the RBZ as a monetary statutory receivable. The statutory receivable was appropriately accounted for under the requirements of IAS 21. Due to the fact that the recognition criteria and accounting treatment was not appropriate for the year ended 30 June 2020, our opinion on the current year inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements is modified because of the misstatement to the financial assets and financial income in the comparative financial information and the resulting carry-over impact to the movements in the financial income and monetary adjustment in the current year inflation-adjusted statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF INNSCOR AFRICA LIMITED**

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE INFLATION-ADJUSTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Basis for Qualified Opinion (continued)

2. Incomplete application of IAS 1 (Presentation of financial statements) disclosures on restated comparative financial information

The Group applied the United States Dollar ("USD") as its functional and reporting currency for the period 1 July 2018 to 22 February 2019 and the Real Time Gross Settlement Dollar ("RTGS\$") or Zimbabwe Dollar ("ZWL") for the period 23 February 2019 to 30 June 2019, in order to comply with Statutory Instrument 33 of 2019 ("SI 33/2019"), issued on 22 February 2019. In addition, to comply with SI 33/2019, the Group changed its functional and presentation currency with effect from 23 February 2019. Under IAS 21, the change in functional currency should have occurred from 1 October 2018, based on the significance of the monetary and exchange control policy changes that occurred between 2016 and 2019.

As a result of this incorrect date of change in functional currency, the inflation adjusted corresponding figures for the year ended 30 June 2019 were misstated, and opening balances for the year ended 30 June 2020 were also similarly misstated, with a consequential impact on reported financial performance and position for the year ended 30 June 2020. Furthermore, the incorrect date of change in functional currency also impacted the accuracy of the hyperinflation restatements required under IAS 29 'Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies'. This resulted in the adverse audit opinion in the prior years.

The Group resolved to correct the inconsistencies arising due to the decision to apply the requirements of IAS 21 and IAS 29 from 22 February 2019 as opposed to 1 October 2018 as would have been required to comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). This was applied by restating the prior year financial statements as further described in Note 2.5. Whilst the cumulative impact from the first opening statement of financial position as of 1 July 2019 was corrected, the third statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019 was not presented as required by the IAS 1 -Presentation of Financial Statements. This results in a modification as a result of non-compliance with the presentation requirements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Inflation-adjusted Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Zimbabwe. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Other Matter

The financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2020, were audited by another auditor who expressed an adverse opinion on those statements on 25 September 2020.

The adverse opinion was in part based on the Group's inability to establish observable market wide exchange rates that meet the requirements of IAS 21 at the time.

During the current year, management reassessed its ability to establish an observable market wide exchange rate for both the year ended 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2021. We reassessed the specific item as basis for the adverse audit opinion being "Exchange rates used (Non-compliance with IAS 21 by the Company and its local subsidiaries with ZW\$ as their functional currency) on the 2020 financial statements and concluded that the Group was subsequently able to establish observable market wide exchange rates. Consequently there was no further impact on the audit opinion for the year ended 30 June 2021.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF INNSCOR AFRICA LIMITED**

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE INFLATION-ADJUSTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the inflation-adjusted financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters.

Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in the audit
1. Valuation of Biological Assets	
<p>As disclosed in Note 5 biological assets are recognised as fair value.</p> <p>Biological assets of the Group include cattle, pigs, birds and hatching eggs, and fair value is determined with reference to the average theoretical life spans for the various categories of biological assets and available market prices.</p> <p>Valuation of biological assets was considered a key audit matter due to the judgements involved in determination of the assumptions used to come up with the fair values and the accuracy of the inputs used in the model.</p> <p>The related disclosures for the fair valuation of biological assets are included in note 16 of the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements.</p>	<p>In addressing the key audit matter, we performed the following procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tested the design and implementation of controls around the valuation of biological assets; • Assessed the fair valuation process adopted by management for conformity with the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards, specifically International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 41: Agriculture; • Substantively tested key data inputs underpinning the carrying amount of biological assets; • Evaluated the reasonableness of management’s assumptions with reference to the economic environment, related industry norms and other relevant factors/ considerations; • Assessed the consistency of application of the valuation model compared with prior year; • Re-performed the valuation process using management’s model; • Performed sensitivity analysis on key valuation inputs; and • Assessed the appropriateness of the disclosures for biological assets. <p>We assessed the valuation methodologies applied to be appropriate. The related disclosures were also appropriate.</p>
2. Estimation of exchange rates for use in translating foreign currency balances and transactions – Compliance with IAS 21 ‘The Effects of Changes in Exchange Rates	
<p>The Group’s functional currency is the Zimbabwe dollar, and the Group undertakes a number of direct and indirect foreign currency denominated transactions that subsequently also give rise to foreign currency denominated balances.</p> <p>The legally recognised exchange rate for the translation of these foreign currency denominated transactions and balances is the RBZ Foreign Currency Auction exchange rate. However, because the Group is unable to access its full foreign currency requirements from the RBZ Foreign Currency Auction, it is faced with a long-term lack of exchangeability.</p>	<p>Our testing was focused on the areas of judgement applied by management in determining the internal spot exchange rates. Procedures performed included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Obtained an understanding of the Group’s specific circumstances leading to a lack of exchangeability; • Obtained an understanding of the process by which the Group determines its estimates of spot exchange rates; • Evaluated the design and tested the implementation of relevant controls over the Group’s processes for the estimation of its spot exchange rates; • Tested the completeness and accuracy of the model and inputs into the estimation of exchange rates; • Tested the accuracy of the application of exchange rates to the translation of foreign currency denominated transactions and balances; and • Reviewed the financial statements for adequacy of disclosures.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF INNSCOR AFRICA LIMITED**

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE INFLATION-ADJUSTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in the audit
2. Estimation of exchange rates for use in translating foreign currency balances and transactions – Compliance with IAS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Exchange Rates	
<p>Under these circumstances, the requirements of IAS 21 prescribe that the spot exchange rates be estimated based on exchange rates arising from the actual means by which the Group is practically able to access its foreign currency requirements. The determination of the spot rate has been assessed to be key audit matter due to the judgement involved.</p> <p>Related disclosures are included note 2.4 of the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements.</p>	<p>Overall, we concluded that the accounting treatment and disclosures made are appropriate and in accordance with the requirements of IAS 21.</p>
3. Accounting for Legacy Debt	
<p>The Group has an amount of ZW\$5 133 181 that was deposited in the previous year as a cash cover with its bankers, in line with the Reserve Bank of Zimbabwe's ('RBZ') directives [RU 28/2019 (28 February 2019), RU 102/2019 (25 June 2019)] and circulars [Circular No. 8 of 2019 (24 July 2019)] related to the legacy debts frameworks.</p> <p>The Group is yet to receive the USD equivalent amount, either in whole or in part, for the cash cover deposited, and neither does it have a specific written contractual agreement with the RBZ that is legally enforceable with respect to the RBZ honouring the arrangement. The balance outstanding for the cash cover as at 30 June 2021 was ZWL\$3 783 811.</p> <p>The accounting of the legacy debt has been considered a key audit matter.</p> <p>Related disclosures are included note 2.6 of the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements.</p>	<p>In addressing the key audit matter, we performed the following procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reviewed the relevant Statutory Instruments and Exchange Control Directives issued by the RBZ in respect of legacy debts to establish their applicability to, and implications on the Group; • Re-assessed our understanding of the RBZ legacy debts framework to determine the extent to which reporting entities have a legally enforceable right against the RBZ for delivery of USD against the ZW\$ cash cover deposits made; • Consulted with our technical experts regarding the appropriate accounting treatment for the Legacy Debt; and • Assessed the Inncor Africa Limited accounting treatment for compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards. <p>For the year ended 30 June 2021, the accounting of the legacy debt was assessed to be appropriate.</p>

Other Information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Chairman's Statement, Directors Responsibility and Approval of Financial Statements, Report of the Directors and the historical cost consolidated financial information which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report and the Annual Report, which is expected to be made available to us after that date. The other information does not include the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the inflation-adjusted consolidated statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF INNSCOR AFRICA LIMITED**

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE INFLATION-ADJUSTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Inflation-adjusted Consolidated Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, the Companies and Other Business Entities Act (Chapter 24:31), and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of inflation-adjusted financial consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting processes.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Inflation-adjusted Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF INNSCOR AFRICA LIMITED**

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE INFLATION-ADJUSTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Inflation-adjusted Consolidated Financial Statements

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY MATTERS

In fulfilment of the requirements of Section 193 of the Companies and Other Business Entities Act (Chapter 24:31) ("the Act"), we report to the shareholders as follows:

Section 193(1)(a)

Except for the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the inflation-adjusted consolidated financial statements of the Group are properly drawn up in accordance with the Act and give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's affairs as at 30 June 2021.

Section 193(2)

We have no matters to report in respect of the Section 193(2) requirements of the Act.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Brian Mabiza.



DELOITTE & TOUCHE
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS (ZIMBABWE)
Per Brian Mabiza
Partner
(PAAB Practice Certificate 0447)
Harare, Zimbabwe

Date: 30 September 2021