

Audited Abridged Group Financial Results

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022



Our passion for value creation

Short-Form Financial Announcement

Issued in terms of Practice Note 13 of the Zimbabwe Stock Exchange

This short-form financial announcement is the responsibility of the Directors and is only a summary of the information contained in the full announcement and does not contain full or complete details. Any investment decisions by investors and/or shareholders should be based on consideration of the full announcement.

A copy of the full announcement has been shared with Shareholders using the latest email addresses supplied by the Shareholder, is available upon request, and is also available for inspection at the Company's registered office or via email to corpserve@escrowgroup.org. The full announcement is also available on the Zimbabwe Stock Exchange website: www.zse.co.zw/innskor-africa-limited-2/ and the Company website www.innscofrica.com/investor/financial-reporting/.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	INFLATION-ADJUSTED		HISTORICAL	
	Year ended 30 June 2022 Audited ZWS'000	% change 2022 vs 2021	Year ended 30 June 2022 Supplementary ZWS'000	% change 2022 vs 2021
Revenue	290 780 098	49%	159 575 763	183%
Operating profit	87 832 938	251%	38 867 983	242%
Profit for the year	53 689 913	350%	45 967 293	338%
Total assets	249 764 955	87%	171 593 707	407%
Total equity	143 058 328	83%	76 834 073	368%
Total liabilities	106 706 627	92%	94 759 634	443%
Basic earnings per share (ZWS cents)	6 835.78	421%	5 949.70	371%
Headline earnings per share (ZWS cents)	6 335.97	387%	5 418.77	331%
Dividend per share				
Final dividend (US\$ cents)	1.56	—	1.56	—
Interim dividend per share (ZWS cents)	474	39%	300	173%

Dividend Announcement

Ordinary shares

The Board declared a final dividend of US\$1.56 cents per share in respect of all ordinary shares of the Company. This dividend is in respect of the financial year ended 30th June 2022 and will be payable to all the shareholders of the Company registered at the close of business on the 11th of November 2022.

Description	Date
Dividend Declared Per Share	(US\$ Cents) 1.56
Last Date shares Trade Cum-Dividend	8 November 2022
Last Date Shares Trade Ex-Dividend	9 November 2022
Record Date	11 November 2022
Payment Date	25 November 2022

For the payment of the dividend, Shareholders are requested to furnish Corpserve with their US\$ Nostro banking details by 20th November 2022 by email to corpserve@escrowgroup.org or by post to the Company's registered address, 1 Ranelagh Road, Highlands, Harare or P.O Box A88, Avondale, Harare, Zimbabwe.

Non-voting class "A" ordinary shares

The Board declared a final dividend of US\$453 588 to Innscor Africa Employee Share Trust (Private) Limited.

Auditor's Statement

This short-form financial announcement should be read in conjunction with the complete set of the Group annual inflation-adjusted financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022. The Group annual inflation-adjusted financial statements have been audited by Deloitte & Touche Chartered Accountants (Zimbabwe) who have issued an adverse opinion as a result of non-compliance with IAS 21, Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates. The external auditor's report on the Group annual inflation-adjusted financial statements, from which this short-form financial announcement is extracted, is available for inspection at the Company's registered office. The Engagement Partner responsible for the audit was Mr Stelios Michael, PAAB Practice Certificate Number 0443.

A B C Chinake

Independent, Non-Executive Chairman

28 October 2022

Salient Features

	INFLATION-ADJUSTED		HISTORICAL	
		30 June 2022 Audited ZWS'000		30 June 2022 Supplementary ZWS'000
Revenue	▲ 49%	290 780 098	▲ 183%	159 575 763
Operating profit	▲ 251%	87 832 938	▲ 242%	38 867 983
Profit for the year	▲ 350%	53 689 913	▲ 338%	45 967 293
Basic earnings per share (cents)	▲ 421%	6 835.78	▲ 371%	5 949.70
Headline earnings per share (cents)	▲ 387%	6 335.97	▲ 331%	5 418.77
Cash generated from operating activities	▲ 145%	60 878 632	▲ 47%	8 647 252

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY

The Holding Company's Directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the Group's consolidated inflation-adjusted financial statements, of which this press release represents an extract. These abridged Group financial statements are presented in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Zimbabwe Stock Exchange ("ZSE") Listing Requirements, and in accordance with the measurement and recognition principles of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and in the manner required by the Companies and Other Business Entities Act (Chapter 24:31).

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these inflation-adjusted financial statements are consistent with those applied in the previous annual financial statements. There is no impact arising from revised IFRS, which became effective for the reporting period commencing on or after the 1st of January 2021 on the Group's abridged inflation-adjusted financial statements.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT- RELIANCE ON ALL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PREPARED IN ZIMBABWE FROM 2019-2022

The Directors would like to advise users to exercise caution in their use of these Group abridged inflation-adjusted financial statements due to the material and pervasive impact of the technicalities brought about by the change in functional currency in February 2019 and its consequent effect on the usefulness of financial statements from 2019 through to 2021, and which have resulted in carry-over effects into the 2022 financial year reporting period.

Whilst the Directors have always exercised reasonable due care, and applied judgements that they felt were appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the Group's annual inflation-adjusted financial statements, certain distortions may arise due to various specific economic factors that may affect the relevance and reliability of the information that is presented in economies that are experiencing hyperinflation, as well as technicalities regarding the change in functional and reporting currency.

2022 FINANCIAL YEAR ADVERSE AUDIT OPINION

As in the prior year, due to the existing foreign exchange market complexities, the inability to source any meaningful amounts of foreign currency from the Reserve Bank of Zimbabwe ("RBZ") Foreign Exchange Auction System, and in order to provide users with what was considered to be the best possible and practical reflection of the Group's performance and financial position, the Group utilised estimated exchange rates in order to translate its foreign currency transactions and balances in its annual inflation-adjusted financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 prepared under the historical cost convention.

The principles utilised in estimating the exchange rates applied for the current year under review were identical to those applied in the prior year.

In the prior year, Deloitte was in agreement with the Group that there was a long-term lack of exchangeability of the foreign exchange within the Zimbabwean market. Accordingly, Deloitte accepted the use of an estimated exchange rate as an appropriate rate to use for translation of foreign exchange transactions. In the current year, as the RBZ has continued to make foreign exchange available on the auction system and introduced the willing buyer willing seller rate, Deloitte has concluded that there is a temporary lack of exchangeability of foreign exchange and therefore the official published rate (official spot rate) should be used to translate these foreign exchange transactions.

As noted above, the Board believes that the estimated exchange rates utilised at the time a foreign currency transaction occurred or in the foreign currency translation process provides users with the best possible and practical reflection of the Group's performance and financial position for the year ended 30 June 2022, and were it to follow the external auditor's interpretation of IAS 21, then the Group's performance and financial position would have been materially mis-stated.

The external auditors, Deloitte, have therefore issued an adverse audit opinion due to the fact that the Group did not utilise the RBZ published interbank rate of exchange prevailing at the time the foreign exchange transaction occurred or at the time that the foreign balance was translated. It is worth noting, in this context, the 72% devaluation in the RBZ interbank rate from US\$ 1 = ZWS\$366.26 at 30 June 2022 to US\$ 1 = ZWS\$ 629.52 at 21 October 2022.

IAS 29 (FINANCIAL REPORTING IN HYPERINFLATIONARY ECONOMIES)

IAS 29 provides that inflation-adjusted financial statements are the entity's primary financial statements, and the Group has complied with this requirement for these abridged inflation-adjusted financial statements. The Consumer Price Index ("CPI") was applied in the preparation of the hyperinflation

financial statements in accordance with IAS 29, and under the direction of the Public Accountants and Auditors Board ("PAAB").

Due to the prevailing distortions in the economy, and the material and pervasive effects that these can have in the application of the methodologies inherent in IAS 29, the Directors advise users to exercise caution in the interpretation and use of these Group annual inflation-adjusted financial statements. Due to the foregoing, financial statements prepared under the historical cost convention have been presented as supplementary information.

EXTERNAL AUDITOR'S STATEMENT

These abridged Group annual inflation-adjusted financial statements should be read in conjunction with the complete set of the Group annual inflation-adjusted financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022. The Group's annual inflation-adjusted financial statements have been audited by Deloitte, who have issued an adverse opinion as a result of their view that the Group has not complied with the requirements of IAS 21 as noted above. The Auditor's Report on the Group's annual inflation-adjusted financial statements, from which these abridged Group annual inflation-adjusted financial statements are extracted, is available for inspection at the Company's registered office. The external auditors have not audited this Press Release.

SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING

As part of our commitment to ensuring the sustainability of our business and stakeholders, the Group is utilising ISO 26000 as guidance for Social Responsibility and continues to apply the Global Reporting Initiative ("GRI") protocol for overall sustainability. Over the years, the Group has aligned its sustainability reporting with Sustainable Development Goals ("SDGs"), demonstrating the Group's commitment and contribution to sustainable development within the environments in which it operates. The Group continues to strengthen its practices and values across its operations to ensure that long-term business success is achieved in a sustainable manner.

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT AND OVERVIEW

The operating environment became increasingly turbulent during the financial year under review with the second half, in particular, being characterised by significant inflationary pressure and currency instability. The uncertainty felt across international commodity markets, a consequence of the ongoing conflict in Eastern Europe, also negatively affected local business sentiment, with supply-side disruptions giving rise to imported inflation across many commodity classes.

In response to the unfolding inflationary pressures, several monetary policy interventions, particularly in respect of local currency interest rates and money-supply management, were introduced at the end of the financial year under review, and despite the resultant short-term softening of consumer demand, these interventions have, for now, achieved the desired result of stabilising the local trading environment. The Board encourages the Authorities to "stay the course" and remove the remaining legal and practical distortions in the area of corporate taxation; including addressing the confusing and unnecessarily punitive Tax regime which has the undesired impact of unfairly punishing formal businesses both in terms of transaction costs and effective taxation levels.

Notwithstanding the challenging trading conditions, the Group registered positive, and extremely pleasing, volume growth across all core businesses versus the comparative year. This was achieved on the back of a sustained focus on diversifying and expanding product portfolios, implementing affordable pricing policies, and employing efficient route-to-market strategies; all of which were further supported by ongoing investment into enhanced manufacturing capacity and capabilities.

As previously reported, the erratic rainfall patterns experienced during the 2021 summer agricultural season impacted negatively on local production levels of key commodities such as maize and soya. Shortfalls in local production of these key raw materials will need to be made up with imported product in the financial year ahead; the Group has implemented appropriate strategies to manage both logistics and product input costs in this regard.

The current winter wheat plantings are indicated to be of record proportions, which should position the country favourably as regards sustainable flour supply, and a reduced import burden on the fiscus. The Group's considerable contract growing schemes remain a critical focus area in securing raw material input, and in support of Government's ongoing endeavours to rebuild local agricultural capacity.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

In terms of IFRS and ZSE regulatory directives, the Group is required to provide financial commentary on the Group's annual inflation-adjusted financial statements; users are once

again advised to exercise caution in the interpretation and use of these Group annual inflation-adjusted financial statements as noted earlier in this Statement.

The Group recorded revenue of ZWS\$290.780bn during the financial year under review, representing a 49% increase on the comparative year. Revenue growth was underpinned by strong sales volumes across all core categories as the Group's business units achieved improved capacity utilisation, introduced new products, and expanded product offerings across existing categories; this combined with optimal pricing strategies and growing demand from the informal market drove the Group to achieve a pleasing result.

Inflation-induced distortions became increasingly prevalent during the latter part of the year, reflected in the profit percentages increasing significantly.

The Group's improved sales volumes and product mix, coupled with a well-priced strategic raw material investment and enhanced production and overhead efficiencies, combined to deliver an operating profit of ZWS\$87.833bn for the year under review, representing a growth of 251% over the comparative year.

The net gains from the continued disposal of the Group's non-core businesses were recognised under financial income, whilst fair value adjustments on biological assets were also reflective of the inflationary distortions prevalent in the market during the year under review, with fair value adjustments on listed equities following a similar trend.

The net interest charge for the year of ZWS\$7.579bn was 75% above that of the comparative year, and representative of elevated interest rates and higher ZWS-denominated loan values.

The Group's equity accounted earnings of ZWS\$8.167bn continued to contribute positively to the overall Group results and showed growth of 43% against the comparative year.

After accounting for a monetary loss of ZWS\$23.230bn, consolidated profit before tax for the year of ZWS\$70.272bn was recorded; this represented a growth of 250% against the comparative year.

The Group's Statement of Financial Position remained robust, with a strong asset base supported by fixed assets and inventory positions and minimal net gearing at year-end. The Group's free cash generation was good, following strong operational cash flows during the latter part of the year to support the ongoing expansion capital expenditure programme.

OPERATIONS REVIEW

MILL-BAKE

This reporting segment contains the Group's **Bakery Division**, **National Foods**, and the Group's non-controlling interest in **Profeeds**.

A pleasing growth in annual loaf volumes of 19% over the comparative year was recorded in the **Bakery Division**, on the back of improved loaf quality, and a renewed focus on the sales and distribution functions. The operation was re-structured in the final quarter of the financial year into its core components of manufacturing, sales, and distribution, and the Group is confident that this will further improve loaf quality, enhance production efficiencies, and allow for significantly improved market-reach.

Investment is well underway at a US\$25mn, new world-class, fully automated manufacturing facility in Bulawayo, and this site is expected to be operational before the end of the 2022 calendar year, whilst further plant automation enhancements will follow in the Harare plant; additionally, a distribution vehicle re-fleeting programme is now also in progress.

At **National Foods**, volumes grew by 13% on an overall basis over the comparative year, driven by solid performances in the Stockfeeds, Down-Packed, Traded Goods, Snacks and Biscuit divisions.

Within the Flour Milling division, volume growth was muted against the comparative year, primarily as a result of constrained local wheat supply and cost-push pressure emanating from higher international wheat pricing.

The Group continues with its considerable local contract farming schemes, and in support of this, a new flour mill is currently being installed in Bulawayo, with final commissioning expected to occur early in the new calendar year. This investment will result in increased production capacity, enhanced product quality and a significant improvement in overall manufacturing efficiencies.

Volumes within the Maize Milling division closed largely in line with the comparative year, although there was some improved momentum toward the final quarter; demand in this division remains largely influenced by the preceding local maize harvest.

In the Stockfeeds division, volumes increased by 12% over the comparative year, bolstered by firm demand across the poultry sector, although improved pasture availability negatively affected some of the smaller beef feed categories. The operation continues to invest in various plant automations in pursuit of further manufacturing optimisation.

Volumes in the Down-Packed division, primarily constituting rice and salt, saw encouraging growth of 31% over the comparative year. Rice volume growth was driven by the informal sector, whilst Red Seal salt remained the brand of choice for consumers.

The Traded Goods division recorded volume growth of 34% versus the comparative year driven largely by the pasta

category. This product is fully imported and, in response to growing local demand, board approval has been granted for an exciting new investment into a pasta manufacturing line which will see production being localised; it is expected that this project will commission late in 2023.

Volumes improved in the Snacks division, with a 24% increase recorded over the comparative year, on the back of the commissioning of increased production capacity during the year under review. Further production capacity enhancements will continue into the new financial year, whilst work to broaden the product portfolio continues, with the recent launch of the new "Sesame Snax" range under the increasingly popular "Allegròs" brand.

In the Biscuit division, volumes were similar to those recorded in the comparative year, with demand being impacted by higher flour pricing in the latter part of the period under review. Investment into a new, state-of-the-art biscuit line has been approved, and this will provide considerable production capacity increases, a significant improvement in product quality and operating efficiencies, and will allow for an extension of the product portfolio; this plant is expected to be commissioned within the next twelve months.

Volumes in the Cereals division grew by 35% against the comparative year driven by the ever-popular "Pearlenta Nutri-Active" range of instant maize porridge; other exciting product additions introduced during the period included "Better Buy Soya Delights" as well as the "Smart Carbs" range of instant breakfast cereals, developed with the health-conscious consumer in mind. An additional production line has recently been commissioned; this line will provide both additional capacity and capability, and will allow for product extension into the full breakfast cereal range.

At **Profeeds**, stock feed volume performance closed 15% ahead of the comparative year, whilst sales of day-old chicks grew 39% over the same period, driven by sustained demand, particularly across the poultry sector. Expansion of the manufacturing platform is currently underway through the establishment of a new plant in Bulawayo; this project will be completed during the course of the new financial year, and is expected to enhance production and distribution efficiencies to the Country's southern markets.

The fertiliser category, operating under the "Nutrimaster" brand, recorded excellent volume growth of 152% over the comparative year as the business executed on a firm order book ahead of the 2021 summer cropping season, and further supported via the recent 2022 winter wheat plantings. Initiatives continue in the business to further enhance manufacturing capacity and capability, whilst a number of innovative complementary products will also be added to the product range.

The popular "Profarmer" retail network has now grown to 47 outlets countrywide, and recorded firm volume growth across its core range of products during the year under review.

As previously reported, in May 2020, the Competitions and Tariff Commission ("CTC") directed that the Group's non-controlling investment in Profeeds be disallowed, and that the Group disinvest from the business; additionally, it levied a fine against the Group in the amount of ZWS\$40.594m for late notification of the investment. The Group appealed to the Administrative Court against the CTC directives. In January 2022, the Administrative Court overturned the CTC's directive for the Group to disinvest from Profeeds, and it further directed that the fine be withdrawn and replaced with a caution. The CTC has since appealed the judgement to the Supreme Court.

PROTEIN

This reporting segment comprises the results of Colcom, Irvine's and Associated Meat Packers ("AMP"), which includes the "Texas Meats", "Texas Chicken" and "Texas Dairy" branded store networks.

The **Colcom Division**, comprising Triple C and Colcom Foods, recorded an 11% growth in volumes over the comparative year, driven by strong performances in all core fresh and processed product categories. Performance at Triple C continued to be outstanding following ongoing investment into improved genetics, diets and animal housing infrastructure; annual animal production presented the highest achieved so far in the history of the operation.

The Colcom Shop at Coventry Road was refurbished during the year under review, providing customers with an improved retail experience, access to the complete product range, and an increased offering in butchery pork cuts. Investments in new and upgraded equipment in the forthcoming year, combined with improvements in product manufacturing flow design will further enhance efficiencies and increase capacity in the processing facility.

Irvine's recorded volume growth across all three core categories. In the table egg category, a 6% growth over the comparative year represented record production within this category. Frozen poultry demand remained firm, and volumes increased 17% versus the comparative year. Demand across the day-old chick market also improved, and volumes closed 25% ahead of the comparative year.

The medium-term facilities upgrade programme which covers all three core products continues, and will enable further capacity increases in the coming year, whilst the related equipment technology upgrades will continue to drive the individual operations to achieve lowest cost of production.

At **AMP**, sustained protein demand combined with further expansion of the product portfolio and improved market-reach, drove overall volume growth of 16% over the comparative year.

Audited Abridged Group Statement of Changes in Equity

	attributable to equity holders of the parent										
	Ordinary Share Capital ZWS'000	Share Premium Reserve ZWS'000	Other Reserves				Distributable Reserves ZWS'000	Total Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent ZWS'000	Non-Controlling Interests ZWS'000	Total Shareholders' Equity ZWS'000	
Restructure Reserve ZWS'000			Currency Translation Reserve ZWS'000	Treasury Shares Reserve ZWS'000	Share-based Payment Reserve ZWS'000	Total Other Reserves ZWS'000					
INFLATION-ADJUSTED											
Balances at 30 June 2020	761 130	2 459 712	(1 784 208)	2 067 282	(93 429)	152 984	342 629	47 553 520	51 116 991	22 695 948	73 812 939
Issue of shares	201	87 918	—	—	—	(73 333)	(73 333)	—	14 786	—	14 786
Profit for the year	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7 423 621	7 423 621	4 512 012	11 935 633
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	1 004 562	—	—	1 004 562	—	1 004 562	11 749	1 016 311
Dividends paid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(4 213 875)	(4 213 875)	(2 705 324)	(6 919 199)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	—	—	(1 176 599)	—	(375 686)	—	(1 552 285)	—	(1 552 285)	54 951	(1 497 334)
Share-based payment charge	—	—	—	—	—	4 239	4 239	—	4 239	—	4 239
Balances at 30 June 2021	761 331	2 547 630	(2 960 807)	3 071 844	(469 115)	83 890	(274 188)	50 763 266	53 798 039	24 569 336	78 367 375
Issue of shares	158	104 995	—	—	—	(84 475)	(84 475)	—	20 678	—	20 678
Profit for the year	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	38 943 944	38 943 944	14 745 969	53 689 913
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	16 215 626	—	—	16 215 626	—	16 215 626	991 733	17 207 359
Dividends paid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(6 664 147)	(6 664 147)	(2 676 345)	(9 340 492)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	—	—	1 575 779	—	—	—	1 575 779	—	1 575 779	1 537 131	3 112 910
Share-based payment charge	—	—	—	—	—	585	585	—	585	—	585
Balances at 30 June 2022	761 489	2 652 625	(1 385 028)	19 287 470	(469 115)	—	17 433 327	83 043 063	103 890 504	39 167 824	143 058 328
HISTORICAL											
Balances at 30 June 2020	5 648	20 358	(13 135)	2 067 282	(688)	3 079	2 056 538	3 575 773	5 658 317	1 664 099	7 322 416
Issue of shares	51	5 534	—	—	—	(1 892)	(1 892)	—	3 693	—	3 693
Profit for the year	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7 144 165	7 144 165	3 346 328	10 490 493
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	1 004 562	—	—	1 004 562	—	1 004 562	11 749	1 016 311
Dividends paid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(1 248 957)	(1 248 957)	(809 249)	(2 058 206)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	—	—	(264 676)	—	(111 730)	—	(376 406)	—	(376 406)	17 504	(358 902)
Share-based payment charge	—	—	—	—	—	1 182	1 182	—	1 182	—	1 182
Balances at 30 June 2021	5 699	25 892	(277 811)	3 071 844	(112 418)	2 369	2 683 984	9 470 981	12 186 556	4 230 431	16 416 987
Issue of shares	61	10 459	—	—	—	(2 584)	(2 584)	—	7 936	—	7 936
Profit for the year	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	33 895 857	33 895 857	12 071 436	45 967 293
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	16 215 626	—	—	16 215 626	—	16 215 626	991 733	17 207 359
Dividends paid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2 878 368)	(2 878 368)	(1 381 250)	(4 259 618)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	—	—	613 632	—	—	—	613 632	—	613 632	880 269	1 493 901
Share-based payment charge	—	—	—	—	—	215	215	—	215	—	215
Balances at 30 June 2022	5 760	36 351	335 821	19 287 470	(112 418)	—	19 510 873	40 488 470	60 041 454	16 792 619	76 834 073

NB: Historical information has been provided for supplementary purposes only, as a result the External Auditors have not expressed an opinion on the historical financial information.

Audited Abridged Group Statement of Cash Flows

	INFLATION-ADJUSTED		HISTORICAL	
	Year ended 30 June 2022 Audited ZWS'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 Audited ZWS'000	Year ended 30 June 2022 Supplementary ZWS'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 Supplementary ZWS'000
Cash generated from operating activities	60 878 632	24 770 808	8 647 252	5 865 822
net interest expense	(7 579 449)	(4 326 076)	(4 200 875)	(1 283 761)
tax paid	(7 247 722)	(5 365 407)	(3 497 743)	(2 034 902)
Total cash available from operations	46 051 461	15 079 325	948 634	2 547 159
Investing activities	(12 730 372)	(11 494 047)	(6 762 593)	(3 642 598)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) before financing activities	33 321 089	3 585 278	(5 813 959)	(1 095 439)
Financing activities	28 681 589	10 608 971	14 195 297	2 652 845
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents before changes in currency translations	62 002 678	14 194 249	8 381 338	1 557 406
Effects of currency translation on cash and cash equivalents	(51 796 522)	(19 043 163)	7 357 377	705 674
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	10 206 156	(4 848 914)	15 738 715	2 263 080
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	9 921 595	14 770 509	4 389 036	2 125 956
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	20 127 751	9 921 595	20 127 751	4 389 036

NB: Historical information has been provided for supplementary purposes only, as a result the External Auditors have not expressed an opinion on the historical financial information.

Supplementary Information

1 Corporate Information

The Company is incorporated and domiciled in Zimbabwe.

2 Basis of Preparation

The Group's abridged annual inflation-adjusted financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Zimbabwe Stock Exchange Listing Requirements and in a manner required by the Zimbabwe Companies and Other Business Entities Act, ("COBE") (Chapter 24:31). The Listing Requirements require financial statements to be prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). The Group's annual inflation-adjusted financial statements have been prepared based on the statutory records that are maintained under the historical cost basis, except for equity investments and some biological assets that have been measured at fair value. For the purposes of fair presentation in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 29 (Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies), the historic cost financial information has been restated for changes in the general purchasing power of the functional currency of the Group. The annual inflation-adjusted financial statements are presented in Zimbabwe Dollars ("ZWS"); all values are rounded to the nearest one thousand, except where otherwise indicated.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the Group consolidated annual inflation-adjusted financial statements are in terms of IFRS and applicable amendments to IFRS and the accounting policies have been applied consistently in all material respects with those of the previous consolidated annual inflation-adjusted financial statements.

Supplementary Information (continued)

3 IAS 21 (The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates)

The Government of Zimbabwe, in June 2020, promulgated Statutory Instrument 85 of 2020 (SI 85/20) which permitted the use of foreign currencies for domestic transactions. This was followed by the introduction of the Foreign Exchange Auction Trading System (the Auction System) at the end of June 2020 by the Reserve Bank of Zimbabwe (RBZ). During the reporting period, the Group was able to obtain a portion of its foreign currency requirements through the Auction System, but not enough to fully service the Group's foreign currency requirements.

Since the promulgation of SI 85/20 and the introduction of the Auction System, there has at times been a significant disparity between the auction exchange rates and the foreign currency exchange rates obtained through the purchase/sale of goods and services on the domestic market. As a result of the limited amount of currency secured by the Group on the Auction System, the Directors have used estimated exchange rates derived by reference to trading arrangements between the Group, its customers and suppliers to translate all foreign currency transactions. Additionally, the Directors do not believe that the Auction Exchange rates prevailing during the financial year were, at all times, reflective of a spot exchange rate, contemplated by IAS 21. The IFRIC decision made in September 2018 confirmed that the use of an estimation process when a currency is not exchangeable and when the lack of exchangeability is not short-term, is permissible.

Due to the above and other technicalities related to the conversion of foreign currency transactions and balances into ZWS, the Directors would like to advise users to exercise caution in the use of these consolidated inflation adjusted financial statements in relation to the reporting currency and conversion to other currencies.

The Group's Auditors, Deloitte & Touche, have concluded that the lack of exchangeability is temporary based on RBZ publications and other data. In the opinion of the auditors, given that this lack of exchangeability is not considered long-term, they are of the view that it was not appropriate for the Group to estimate an exchange rate with reference to trading arrangements with its customers and suppliers. As a result, the Independent Auditors, have issued an adverse opinion for the current year ended 30 June 2022 as they believe that the determination of an estimated spot exchange rate was not compliant with the requirements of IFRS. The Auditors believe that the auction exchange rate was the appropriate spot exchange rate that it was observable and accessible for immediate delivery.

The Directors disagree with the conclusion of the Auditors as it was contrary to the circumstances applicable to the Group and particularly in respect of the proportion of the Group's foreign currency requirements secured at the Auction. In addition, there are varying views on the matter in the market, and at present there is no appropriate applicable guideline issued by the relevant Statutory Boards on the subject. The Directors have therefore applied their best judgement under the circumstances faced by the Group.

4 IAS 29 (Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies)

IAS 29 requires restatement of the financial statements of an entity whose reporting and presentation currency is a currency of a hyperinflationary environment. Under this standard, financial statements prepared in a currency of a hyperinflationary economy should be stated in terms of a measuring unit current at the reporting date and the corresponding figures for the prior periods should also be stated in terms of the same measuring unit. The standard lists the characteristics of hyperinflationary economic environment as: when the population prefers to keep its wealth in non-monetary assets and regards monetary amounts in terms of a relative stable foreign currency, sales are at prices that compensate for expected loss of purchasing power; and cumulative inflation rate over three years is approaching or exceeding 100%. In line with the PAAB announcement on 11 October 2019, that the Zimbabwean economy was now trading under hyperinflationary conditions from 1 July 2019, the Directors have applied the requirements of IAS 29 as issued by the IASB in preparing these consolidated annual inflationadjusted financial statements. The consolidated inflation-adjusted financial statements have been drawn up using the conversion factors derived from the consumer price index "CPI" prepared and issued by the Zimbabwe Central Statistical Office. The inflation-adjusted financial statements which form the primary financial statements of the Group and on which the audit opinion has been based, have been presented together with the historical numbers.

Supplementary Information (continued)

	INFLATION-ADJUSTED		HISTORICAL	
	Year ended 30 June 2022 Audited ZWS'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 Audited ZWS'000	Year ended 30 June 2022 Supplementary ZWS'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 Supplementary ZWS'000
9 Financial income				
Dividend income	277 007	294 952	108 685	69 799
Exchange (losses)/gains - realised	(5 602 580)	3 359 445	(4 491 007)	994 772
Exchange gains/(losses) - unrealised	3 043 528	(1 695 786)	3 043 528	(709 515)
Profit on disposal of associates	6 327 265	—	8 599 515	—
Gain on bargain purchase of BIL	16 268	—	5 725	—
Gain on revaluation of statutory receivables	1 792 722	372 894	1 792 722	127 895
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1 184	8 047	91 587	35 487
Profit on disposal of assets for disposal group held for sale	—	366 747	—	144 620
Other	—	(439 141)	—	(17 847)
	5 855 394	2 267 158	9 150 755	645 211
10 Inventories				
Consumables	5 724 246	2 396 615	4 441 388	797 124
Finished products, net of allowance for obsolescence	15 905 849	5 413 815	12 287 955	1 831 408
Raw materials and packaging	34 255 935	16 590 598	23 798 132	5 594 596
Goods in transit	—	17 567	—	6 025
Work in progress	298 332	298 275	298 332	102 303
	56 184 362	24 716 870	40 825 807	8 331 456
11 Trade and other receivables				
Trade receivables	28 149 666	12 963 855	28 149 666	4 446 337
Prepayments	12 047 754	8 209 306	9 150 401	2 727 457
VAT Receivable	1 424 256	905 675	1 424 256	310 628
Other receivables	4 365 951	3 017 083	4 365 951	1 233 463
	45 987 627	25 095 919	43 090 274	8 717 885
Allowance for credit losses	(140 946)	(197 464)	(140 946)	(67 726)
	45 846 681	24 898 455	42 949 328	8 650 159
12 Lease liability				
Analysis				
Non-current	1 701 292	723 681	1 701 292	248 208
Current	519 811	258 790	519 811	88 760
	2 221 103	982 471	2 221 103	336 968
Undiscounted future lease payments				
Payable within one year	2 439 268	1 013 448	2 439 268	347 592
Payable two to five years	11 223 036	4 490 539	11 223 036	1 540 163
Payable after five years	14 334 944	5 498 628	14 334 944	1 885 917
	27 997 248	11 002 615	27 997 248	3 773 672

13 Interest Bearing Borrowings
Interest-bearing borrowings constitute bank loans from various local financial institutions which accrue interest at an average rate of 34% at the end of the year. Subsequent to year-end ZWS loans had their average cost adjusted by monetary authorities from 34% to an average of between 100% and 200%.

These facilities expire at different dates and will be reviewed and renewed when they mature.

	INFLATION-ADJUSTED		HISTORICAL	
	Year ended 30 June 2022 Audited ZWS'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 Audited ZWS'000	Year ended 30 June 2022 Supplementary ZWS'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 Supplementary ZWS'000
14 Trade and other payables				
Trade payables	28 948 392	7 855 874	28 948 392	2 694 404
Accruals	9 216 422	3 310 524	9 216 422	1 135 442
Other payables	15 242 837	13 702 609	15 242 837	5 116 503
	53 407 651	24 869 007	53 407 651	8 946 349
15 Commitments for capital expenditure				
Authorised and contracted	6 901 715	7 704 600	6 901 715	2 642 520
Authorised but not contracted	7 387 642	2 767 917	7 387 642	949 339
	14 289 357	10 472 517	14 289 357	3 591 859

The capital expenditure is to be financed out of the Group's own resources and existing borrowing facilities.

16 Earnings per share, ("EPS")

Basic earnings basis

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to equity holders of the parent and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue for the year.

Diluted earnings basis

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to equity holders of the parent and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue after adjusting for potential conversion of share options. The potential conversion is possible when the average market price of ordinary shares during the year exceeds the exercise price of such options.

The share options arising from the Group's Employee Share Trust Scheme were not dilutive as at the end of the current period.

Headline earnings basis, ("HEPs")

Headline earnings comprise of basic earnings attributable to equity holders of the parent adjusted for profits, losses and items of a capital nature that do not form part of the ordinary activities of the Group, net of their related tax effects and share of non-controlling interests as applicable. The Group has presented HEPs in line with the guidance issued by South Africa Institute of Chartered Accountants, ("SAICA") Circular 1/21 in the absence of similar guidance on the local market.

	INFLATION-ADJUSTED		HISTORICAL	
	Year ended 30 June 2022 Audited ZWS'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 Audited ZWS'000	Year ended 30 June 2022 Supplementary ZWS'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 Supplementary ZWS'000
16 Earnings per share (continued)				
Headline earnings basis (continued)				
The following reflects the income data used in the basic, headline and diluted earnings per share computations:				
a Net profit attributable to equity holders of the parent	38 943 944	7 423 621	33 895 857	7 144 165
b Reconciliation of basic earnings to headline earnings				
Adjustment for non-headline items (gross of tax):				
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1 184)	(8 047)	(91 587)	(35 487)
Profit on disposal of assets for disposal group held for sale	—	(366 747)	—	(144 620)
Profit on disposal of associate and subsidiaries	(6 327 265)	—	(8 599 515)	—
Gain on bargain purchase of BIL	(16 268)	—	(5 725)	—
Tax effect on adjustments	1 568 412	92 648	2 149 855	44 523
Non-controlling interests' share of adjustments	1 928 847	212 290	3 522 230	102 015
Headline earnings attributable to equity holders of the parent	36 096 486	7 353 765	30 871 115	7 110 596

c Reconciliation of weighted average number of ordinary shares ("000)

	No. of shares issued	No. of shares issued	No. of shares issued	No. of shares issued
Number of shares in issue at the beginning of the year	569 876	564 777	569 876	564 777
Add: Weighted Average number of shares issued during the year	4 471	3 898	4 471	3 898
Less: Weighted Average number of Treasury Shares	(4 640)	(3 186)	(4 640)	(3 186)
Weighted Average Number of Ordinary Shares	569 707	565 489	569 707	565 489
Weighted average number of ordinary shares before effect of dilution	569 707	565 489	569 707	565 489
Effect of dilution from share options:	—	5 896	—	5 896
Weighted average number of ordinary shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	569 707	571 385	569 707	571 385
Basic earnings per share (cents)	6 835.78	1 312.78	5 949.70	1 263.36
Headline earnings per share (cents)	6 335.97	1 300.43	5 418.77	1 257.42
Diluted basic earnings per share (cents)	6 835.78	1 299.23	5 949.70	1 250.32
Diluted headline earnings per share (cents)	6 335.97	1 287.01	5 418.77	1 244.45

	INFLATION-ADJUSTED		HISTORICAL	
	Year ended 30 June 2022 Audited ZWS'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 Audited ZWS'000	Year ended 30 June 2022 Supplementary ZWS'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 Supplementary ZWS'000
17 Contingent liabilities				
Guarantees				
The contingent liabilities relate to bank guarantees provided in respect of associate companies borrowings as at 30 June 2022.	5 053 250	8 654 516	5 053 250	2 968 322

18 Uncertain tax positions

The significant currency changes in Zimbabwe since 2018 have created some uncertainties in the treatment of taxes due to the absence of clear guidance and transitional measures from the tax authorities. Complications arose from the wording of the tax legislation in relation to the currency of settlement for certain taxes which gives rise to varying interpretations within the economy. The Group has several unresolved tax matters with ZIMRA arising from the differences in interpretation of the tax legislation. Some of these matters are in the courts while some are being discussed between the Group and ZIMRA.

19 Going Concern

The Directors have assessed the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern and have satisfied themselves that the Group is in a sound financial position and has adequate resources to continue in existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they believe that the preparation of these consolidated Group annual inflation-adjusted financial statements on a going concern basis is appropriate.

20 Events after reporting date

Final Dividend Declaration

Subsequent to year end the Board declared a final dividend of US\$1.56c per share payable in respect of all ordinary shareholders of the Company.

On the same date the Board also declared a final dividend totalling US\$453 588 to Inncor Africa Employee Share Trust (Private) Limited.

Treasury Bills

In July 2022 the the Directors received a notification from the Group's Bankers indicating that the Group had been issued Treasury Bills in lieu of "Statutory Receivables" in note 5 above. The Treasury Bills mature in 2025 no additional information was received from the authorities but the Group intends to hold these Bills to maturity.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF INNSCOR AFRICA LIMITED
REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE INFLATION ADJUSTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Adverse opinion

We have audited the accompanying inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements of Inncor Africa Limited and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group"), set out on pages 8 to 104 which comprise the inflation adjusted consolidated statement of financial position for the year ended 30 June 2022, the inflation adjusted consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the inflation adjusted consolidated statement of changes in equity, and the inflation adjusted consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matters discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section of our report, the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, the inflation adjusted consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2022, and its inflation adjusted consolidated financial performance, and its inflation adjusted consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and in the manner required by the Companies and Other Business Entities Act (Chapter 24:31).

Basis for Adverse Opinion

1. Non-compliance with IAS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates" with respect to the determination of the appropriate spot rate and the consequential impact to the recorded monetary adjustment

During the year, the Group utilised an internally generated foreign exchange rate, which had been determined through the Group's trading arrangements, to convert foreign currency transactions to Zimbabwe Dollar (ZWL) as detailed in Note 2.3. This was not in compliance with the requirements of IFRS which requires the use of the official spot rate, a rate which should be determined using the Foreign Exchange Auction Trading System exchange rates, as published by the Reserve Bank of Zimbabwe ("Auction Rate", or the "official spot rate").

Because of the number of transactions and line items impacted by the use of different rates (as described above) for the translation of foreign currency transactions, we are unable to quantify the impact of using the official spot rate for these translations on the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements. As a result, the departure from the official spot rate as required under IAS 21 is considered to be material and pervasive to the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Furthermore, notwithstanding that IAS 29 has been applied correctly, it is noted that its application was based on current periods' financial information which was not in compliance with IAS 21 as described above. Consequently, the line item "monetary gain" on the inflation adjusted consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is impacted.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF INNSCOR AFRICA LIMITED
REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE INFLATION ADJUSTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Basis for Adverse Opinion (continued)

2. Accounting for blocked funds (carry over effect of prior year modification on comparatives)

The Group met the recognition criteria to account for deposits to the Reserve Bank of Zimbabwe as monetary statutory receivables in the 2021 financial year. However, the deposits had been incorrectly recognised as foreign denominated derivative financial assets in the 2020 financial year which resulted in a modification to the 2020 and 2021 audit opinions. In the 2021 financial year, the carry-over impact of the misstatement was ZW\$ 1 016 225 504. This error impacted the financial income line item and inflation adjusted consolidated statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income.

Our opinion on the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements has been modified because of the possible effect of this matter on the comparability of the current year's financial income line item as presented in the inflation adjusted consolidated statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income with that of the prior year.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements in Zimbabwe. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Other than the matter described in the Basis for adverse opinion section, we have not determined any other key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Report of Directors, as required by the Companies and Other Business Entities Act (Chapter 24:31), Directors' Responsibility and Approval of Financial Statements, Company Secretary's Certification and the historic cost financial information, which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report. The other information also comprises the additional information in the document titled "Innscor Africa Limited Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2022" which we expect to receive after the date of the auditor's report. The other information does not include the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. Given the nature of the matters set out in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section above, we have determined that the other information is materially misstated for the same reasons.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF INNSCOR AFRICA LIMITED
REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE INFLATION ADJUSTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Responsibilities of the directors for the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and the requirements of the Companies and Other Business Entities Act (Chapter 24:31) and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF INNSCOR AFRICA LIMITED
REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE INFLATION ADJUSTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements (continued)

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory matters

In fulfilment of the requirements of Section 193 of the Companies and Other Business Entities Act (Chapter 24:31) ("the Act"), we report to the shareholders as follows:

Section 193(1)(a)

Because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section of our report, the inflation adjusted consolidated financial statements of the Group are not properly drawn up in accordance with the Act and do not give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's affairs at the date of its financial statements for its financial year ended on that date.

Furthermore, Section 193(1)(a) requires the financial statements of the holding company to be audited and that the auditors must opine whether the said accounts of the company are properly drawn up in accordance with the Act so as to give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's affairs at the date of its financial statements for its financial year ended on that date. The audited financial statements of the company have not been issued for the financial years ending 30 June 2018 up to and including 30 June 2022. This results in a non-compliance with the requirements of the Act.

Section 193(2)

We have no matters to report in respect of the Section 193(2) requirements of the Act, in addition to those already addressed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section of our report

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Stelios Michael.



Deloitte & Touche
Chartered Accountants (Zimbabwe)
Per: Stelios Michael
(PAAB Practice Certificate Number 0443)
Partner
Registered Auditor
Harare, Zimbabwe

28 October 2022